**Computer Vocabulary S08**

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| protocol n. 协议，流程 | emeritus adj. 退休的，名誉退休的 |
| dedicated adj. 专用的，专注的 | alongside prep. 在旁边，与...同时 |
| sneak v. 悄悄地走，溜进，偷偷摸摸地做 | overlap n. 重叠，重合部分 |
| percentage n. 百分比，比例 | notch n. 刻痕，等级，档次 |
| sensible adj. 明智的，合理的 | gradient n. 梯度，坡度 |
| predetermine v. 预先确定，预先决定 | shortcut n. 捷径，近路 |
| re-invoke v. 重新调用 | radial adj. 径向的 |
| self-explanatory adj. 不言自明的，显而易见的 | remarkable adj. 显著的，非凡的 |
| prompt adj. 迅速的，敏捷的 | reshuffle v. 重新洗牌，改组 |
| spot n. 地点，现场，斑点 | assistive adj. 助理的，辅助的 |
| annoyance n. 烦恼，烦人的事 | decorative adj. 装饰性的 |
| tappable adj. 可点击的 | backend n. 后端，后台 |
| convention n. 传统，惯例 | envelope n. 信封，封套 |
| discourage v. 使泄气，使灰心 | partition n. 分割，分隔，隔板 |
| recap n. 总结，概括 | scenario n. 情景，剧本，方案 |
| intentional adj. 故意的，有意的 | mitigate v. 缓和，减轻 |
| umph n. 活力，劲头 | redundancy n. 冗余；多余；裁员；重复 |
| subscriber n. 订阅者 | tutorial n. 教程；辅导课 |
| retention n. 保留，保持 | brick n. 砖块；砖；积木；砖红色的 |
| prodigy n. 奇迹，天才 | assemble v. 组装；集合；聚集 |

▲ **protocol** ['proʊtəkɔl] n. 协议，流程

eg. The HTTP protocol is used for transmitting data over the internet.

▲ **dedicated** ['dɛdəkeɪtɪd] adj. 专用的，专注的；专心致志的，献身的；

eg. The dedicated server is designed for hosting large-scale applications with high traffic.

▲ **sneak** [snik] v. 悄悄地走，溜进，偷偷摸摸地做

eg. The thief managed to sneak into the house without being noticed.

eg. The software update snuck in some unwanted changes.

▲ **percentage** [pər'sentidʒ] n. 百分比，比例

eg. The percentage of students who passed the exam was 85%.

eg. The program calculates the percentage of the total sales for each product.

▲ **sensible** ['sensəbl] adj. 明智的，合理的

eg. It is sensible to wear a helmet when riding a bike.

eg. The new policy was a sensible solution to the problem.

▲ **predetermine** [pri:dɪ'tɜ:mɪn] v. 预先确定，预先决定

eg. The winner of the competition had been predetermined by the judges.

eg. The software is designed to predetermine the best route for a delivery.

▲ **re-invoke** ['ri:ɪn'vəuk] v. 重新调用

eg. The function was re-invoked after the program crashed.

eg. The application allows you to re-invoke previous commands.

▲ **self-explanatory** ['self-ɪk'splænətɔ:ri] adj. 不言自明的，显而易见的

eg. The instructions were self-explanatory and easy to follow.

eg. The error message was not self-explanatory and required further investigation.

▲ **prompt** [prɑmpt] adj. 迅速的，敏捷的

eg. The customer service representative provided prompt assistance.

eg. The prompt response to the crisis helped to prevent further damage.

▲ **spot** [spɑt] n. 地点，现场，斑点

eg. The construction crew marked the spot where the new building would be constructed.

eg. The carpet had several spots that were difficult to remove.

▲ **annoyance** [ə'nɔɪəns] n. 烦恼，烦人的事

eg. The constant noise from the construction site was an annoyance to the neighbors.

eg. The pop-up ads on the website were a major annoyance for users.

▲ **tappable** ['tæpəbl] adj. 可点击的

eg. The button on the screen was tappable and responsive.

eg. The application uses tappable icons for easy navigation.

▲ **convention** [kən'venʃən] n. 传统，惯例

eg. The convention was held annually in the same location.

eg. The programming convention requires the use of camelCase for variable names.

▲ **discourage** [dɪs'kɜrɪdʒ] v. 使泄气，使灰心

eg. The negative feedback from the boss discouraged the employee.

eg. The lack of progress on the project discouraged the team.

▲ **recap** ['ri:kæp] n. 总结，概括

eg. The presenter provided a recap of the key points at the end of the meeting.

eg. The recap of the previous episode helped to refresh the viewer's memory.

▲ **intentional** [in'tenʃənəl] adj. 故意的，有意的

eg. The intentional act of littering is punishable by law.

▲ **umph** [ʌmf] n. 活力，劲头

eg. The singer's performance was full of umph and energy.

▲ **subscriber** [səb'skraibər] n. 订阅者

eg. The newspaper has over a million subscribers.

▲ **retention** [ri'tenʃən] n. 保留，保持

eg. The company's retention rate of employees has increased over the past year.

▲ **prodigy** ['prɑdədʒi] n. 奇才，天才；奇迹

eg. The young musician was a prodigy, composing his first piece of music at age five.

▲ **emeritus** [ə'mɛrɪtəs] adj. 退休的，名誉退休的

eg. Professor Smith is now an emeritus professor at the university.

▲ **alongside** [ə'lɔŋ'saɪd] prep. 在旁边，与...同时

eg. The new features will be released alongside the latest version of the software.

▲ **overlap** ['oʊvərlæp] n. 重叠，重合部分

eg. The two projects had a significant overlap in their objectives and resources.

▲ **notch** [nɑtʃ] n. 刻痕；等级，档次

eg. The new smartphone model has a higher price and more features, putting it in a higher notch than its predecessor.

▲ **gradient** ['ɡreɪdiənt] n. 梯度，坡度

eg. The gradient of a function represents the rate of change of the function with respect to its input.

▲ **shortcut** ['ʃɔrtkʌt] n. 捷径，近路

eg. You can use the keyboard shortcut "Ctrl+C" to copy text instead of using the mouse to select "Copy" from the menu.

▲ **radial** ['reɪdiəl] adj. 径向的

eg. The design of the tire includes a radial structure to provide better stability and durability.

▲ **remarkable** [rɪ'mɑrkəbl] adj. 显著的，非凡的

eg. The new technology has remarkable capabilities and is expected to revolutionize the industry.

▲ **reshuffle** [ri'ʃʌfl] v. 重新洗牌，改组

eg. The company is planning to reshuffle its management team in order to improve performance.

▲ **assistive** [ə'sɪstɪv] adj. 助理的，辅助的

eg. The new software includes assistive technologies to help users with disabilities access and use the system.

▲ **decorative** ['dɛkəreɪtɪv] adj. 装饰性的

eg. The decorative elements of the building reflect the cultural and historical influences of the region.

▲ **backend** ['bækˌɛnd] n. 后端，后台

eg. The backend of a website includes the server-side programming and database management.

▲ **envelope** ['ɛnvəloʊp] n. 信封，封套

eg. The letter was sealed in an envelope and sent by mail.

▲ **partition** [pɑr'tɪʃən] n. 分割，分隔，隔板

eg. The hard drive is partitioned into different sections for storage and organization.

▲ **scenario** [sə'nærioʊ] n. 情景，剧本，方案

eg. The software includes a feature for creating and testing different scenarios to evaluate potential outcomes.

▲ **mitigate** ['mɪtɪɡeɪt] v. 缓和，减轻

eg. The company is implementing measures to mitigate the environmental impact of its operations.

▲ **redundancy** [rɪˈdʌndənsi] n. 冗余；多余；裁员；重复

eg. In computer science, redundancy is often used to ensure data reliability and fault tolerance in storage systems.

eg. SwiftUI lets us create our own custom view modifiers, this can help keep our code free of redundancy.

▲ **tutorial** [tuːˈtɔːriəl] n. 教程；辅导课

eg. The online tutorial provided step-by-step instructions for installing the software.

▲ **brick** [brɪk] n. 砖块；砖；积木；砖红色的

eg. The game of Tetris requires players to rotate and fit different shapes of bricks together to form complete lines.

▲ **assemble** [əˈsembəl] v. 组装；集合；聚集

eg. The assembler language allows programmers to write instructions that can be directly translated into machine code for the computer to assemble.